

DRUG FREE CAMPUS

Regional West Medical Center School of Radiologic Technology has a responsibility to provide an educational environment free of drugs and alcohol.

Responsibility: Students, Program Director, Educational Advisory Committee, Instructors
Standard: Human Resources

Definitions:

Premises: As used herein shall mean property whether owned, leased, or in any other manner under control of Regional West Health Services or any facility designated as a clinical education setting.

As a part of Program activities: As used herein shall mean any activity under the auspices of Regional West Medical Center School of Radiologic Technology.

Substance: In this statement refers to illicit drugs or chemical compounds that are controlled by local, state, or federal law.

Drug Free Campus

The illegal possession, use or distribution of illicit drugs or alcohol by students and employees is a violation of Program policy as well as State and Federal laws. In order to fulfill its obligations under the Drug Free Workplace Act of 1988, 41 U.S.C. § 701 and the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989, 20 U.S.C. § 1145g, the Program has formulated standards of conduct for both its employees and its students which prohibit the following acts:

1. Use, possession, manufacture, distribution, or sale of illegal drugs or drug paraphernalia on Program premises or while on Program business or at Program activities, or in Program supplied vehicles either during or after working hours.
2. Unauthorized use, possession, manufacture, distribution, or sale of a controlled substance or drug paraphernalia as defined by the Federal Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. §§ 801 et seq., or Nebraska Drug Control Laws, Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 28-401 et seq., on Program premises, or while engaged on Program business or attending Program activities, in Program supplied vehicles, either during or after working hours.
3. Unauthorized use, possession, manufacture, distribution, or sale of alcohol on Program premises or while on Program business or at Program activities, in Program supplied vehicles, either during or after working hours.

4. Storing in a locker, desk, vehicle, or other place on Program owned or occupied premises, any unauthorized controlled substances, drug paraphernalia or alcohol.
5. Use of alcohol off Program premises that adversely affects a student's work or academic performance, or an employee's or student's safety or the safety of others;
6. Possession, use, manufacture, distribution or sale of illegal drugs off Program premises that adversely affects the student's academic performance, or an employee's or student's safety or the safety of others;

Description of Applicable Legal Sanctions under Federal or State Law for Unlawful Possession or Distribution of Illicit Drugs and Alcohol

Conviction of a crime related to the unlawful possession or distribution of illicit drugs or alcohol may result in a fine, prison sentence or both.

The information on the following pages summarizes selected provisions of Federal, State, and local laws which provide criminal and civil penalties for unlawful possession or distribution of drugs and alcohol. This list is not to be considered all inclusive

FEDERAL LAWS

Federal Penalties and Sanctions for Illegal Possession of Controlled Substances:

- **21 U.S.C. § 844(a)**
1st Conviction: Up to 1 year imprisonment and fine of at least \$1,000 or both.
After 1 prior drug conviction: At least 15 days in prison, not to exceed 2 years and fine of at least \$2,500.
After 2 or more prior drug convictions: At least 90 days in prison, not to exceed 3 years and fine of at least \$5,000.
Special sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine: Mandatory minimum 5 years in prison, maximum 20 years and minimum fine of \$1,000, if:
 - 1st conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeding 5 grams.
 - 2nd crack conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeding 3 grams.
 - 3rd or subsequent crack conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeding 1 gram.
- **21 U.S.C. § 853(a) (2) and 881(a) (7)**
Forfeiture of personal and real property used to possess or to facilitate possession of a controlled substance if that offense is punishable by more than 1 year imprisonment. (See special sentencing provisions re: crack.)
- **21 U.S.C. § 881(a) (4)**
Forfeiture of vehicles, boats, aircraft or any other conveyance used to transport

- or conceal a controlled substance.
- **21 U.S.C. § 844(a)**
Civil fine of up to \$10,000
 - **21 U.S.C. § 862**
Denial of Federal benefits, such as student loans, grants, contracts and professional and commercial licenses, up to 1 year for first offense, up to 5 years for second and subsequent offenses.
 - **18 U.S.C. § 922(g)**
Ineligible to receive or purchase a firearm
 - **Miscellaneous**
Revocation of certain Federal licenses and benefits, e.g., pilot licenses, public housing tenancy, etc., are vested within the authorities of individual Federal agencies.

Two charts (Charts 1-2) summarizing trafficking penalties under Federal law for various types of drugs can be viewed at the end of this policy.

NEBRASKA LAWS

State Penalties and Sanctions for Illegal Possession of Controlled Substances

The framework for the regulation of most drugs, also called controlled substances, is set out in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act. In addition, there are other Nebraska State laws which establish penalties for various drug related offenses which are summarized below. Charts containing a summary of sanctions under Nebraska law for possession or distribution of various drugs can be found at the end of this policy. (Charts 3-4)

Crimes Involving Minors: Any person 18 years of age or older who distributes, delivers or sells controlled substances to a person under the age of 18 years shall be punished by the next higher penalty classification for a first offense or second offense involving drugs such as heroin, speed, cocaine, LSD, or pentazocine. The law also provides for an enhanced penalty for anyone 18 years of age or older to employ, use, persuade, or coerce any person under the age of 18 years to manufacture, transport, distribute, carry, deliver, dispense, or possess with intent to do the same of a controlled substance or a counterfeit controlled substance.
Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-416(4) and (5) (Supp. 1999).

Tax Provisions: Anyone who possesses or sells the following amounts of controlled substances must pay the appropriate taxes to the Nebraska Department of Revenue and have the stamps attached to the controlled substances.

Failure carries a criminal penalty of up to five years imprisonment or a \$10,000 fine or both. A penalty equal to 100% of the unpaid tax will also be assessed and both the tax and the penalty may become a lien upon the property owned by the person against whom the tax is assessed.

Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 77-4301 to 77- 4316 (Reissue 1996).

Property Forfeiture: Property used to manufacture, sell or deliver controlled substances can be seized and forfeited to the state. Property subject to forfeiture may include cash, cars, boats, and airplanes. *Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-431 (Cum. Supp. 1998).*

Being Under the Influence of Any Controlled Substance for Unauthorized Purpose: It is a violation of Nebraska law to be under the influence of any controlled substance for a purpose other than the treatment of a sickness or injury as prescribed or administered by a person duly authorized by law to treat sick and injured human beings. *Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-417(1) (g) (Reissue 1995).*

Drug Paraphernalia Offenses: It is a violation of Nebraska law to use, or to possess with intent to use, drug paraphernalia to manufacture, inject, ingest, inhale or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance.

Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-441

1 st Offense:	up to \$100 fine
2 nd Offense:	up to \$300 fine
3 rd and Subsequent Offense:	up to \$500 fine

Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-442

Up to 6 months imprisonment or \$1,000 fine or both

Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-443

Up to 1 year imprisonment or \$1,000 fine or both

Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-441, § 28-442, § 28-443, and § 29-436 (Reissue 1995); Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-106 (1) (Cum. Supp. 1998)

Imitation Controlled Substances: It is a violation of Nebraska law to knowingly, intentionally manufacture, distribute, deliver or possess with intent to distribute or deliver an imitation controlled substance.

1 st Offense	up to 3 months imprisonment, or \$500 fine, or both
2 ND Offense	up to 6 months imprisonment, or \$1,000 fine, or both

Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-445 (Reissue 1995) and § 28-106 (1) (Cum. Supp. 1998).

Controlled Substance Analogue: For purposes of Nebraska's Uniform Controlled Substance Act, analogue controlled substances (often called "designer drugs") are treated as controlled substances. Such an analogue is defined as (a) substantially similar in chemical structure to the chemical structure of a controlled substance or (b) having a stimulant, depressant, analgesic or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater than the effect of a controlled substance. *Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-401 (36) (Supp. 1999).*

Selected Nebraska Alcohol Offenses

Minor in Possession: It is against the law for a person under the age of 21 years to possess alcohol. Violation of this law is punishable by three months imprisonment, or

\$500 fine, or both. As part of sentencing a judge may order an offender to become part of a public work detail under the supervision of the County Sheriff for not more than 10 days in lieu of the above penalties. *Neb. Rev. Stat. § 53-180.05 (1) (Reissue 1998); Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-106 (1) (Cum. Supp. 1998)*

Procuring Alcohol: It is a violation of Nebraska law to sell, give away, dispose of, exchange, or deliver, or permit the sale, gift or procuring of any alcoholic liquor to or for any minor or to any person who is mentally incompetent. Violation of this law is punishable by not more than 1 year imprisonment, or \$1,000 fine, or both. *Neb. Rev. Stat. § 53-180.05 (1) (Reissue 1998) and § 28-106 (1) (Cum. Supp. 1998).*

Consumption on Public Property: It is a violation of Nebraska law for any person to consume alcoholic liquors in the public streets, alleys, parking areas, roads or highways, or inside vehicles while upon the public streets, alleys, parking areas, roads, or highways; or upon property owned by the state or any governmental subdivision thereof, unless authorized by the governing bodies having jurisdiction over such properties.

1st Offense: up to \$100 fine
2nd Offense: up to \$300 fine
3rd Offense: up to \$500 fine

Neb. Rev. Stat. § 53-186 (Supp. 1999), Neb. Rev. Stat. § 53-136 (Reissue 1998) and § 29-436 (Reissue 1995).

Driving While Intoxicated: Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquors or drugs is a violation of Nebraska law.

1st Offense: up to 60 days imprisonment, up to \$500 fine and 6 months revocation of operator's license

2nd Offense: mandatory 30 days imprisonment, \$500 fine, and 6 months revocation of operator's license

3rd and Subsequent Offenses: up to 5 years imprisonment, or \$10,000 fine, or both, and 15 years revocation of operator's license

Local laws may also make it a crime to operate a motor vehicle under the influence of alcohol or to commit certain acts involving the consumption or possession of alcohol, e.g. "open container" laws.

Neb. Rev. Stat. § 60-6,196 (Supp. 1999), Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-105 (Cum. Supp. 1998) Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-106 (1) (Cum. Supp. 1998)

DESCRIPTION OF HEALTH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH USE OF ILLICIT DRUGS AND ABUSE OF ALCOHOL

Numerous health risks have been identified with substance abuse (use of illicit drugs and excessive use of alcohol). Abusers can lose resistance to disease, develop physical and psychological dependence, become depressed, develop heart problems, contract infections, or become malnourished, physically exhausted and

even die. Reality is often distorted, reactions may be slower, and the risk of accidents increases. Extended substance abuse can cause coma, respiratory arrest, and convulsions. Injected drugs increase the risk for infectious diseases such as hepatitis and AIDS. Body systems are affected. The liver, lungs and heart are damaged. For women, there is an increase in birth defects associated with use during pregnancy.

Chart 5 found at the end of this policy lists potential health consequences of commonly abused drugs.

DRUG AND ALCOHOL COUNSELING

The American Medical Association has determined that substance dependence and substance abuse are medical diseases. Substance dependence can be diagnosed as mild, moderate, severe, in partial remission, or in full remission.

Students and staff are advised of the existence of local substance abuse treatment facilities and programs through Regional West Health Services' Employee Assistance Program (EAP) to assist in any drug or alcohol counseling, treatment or rehabilitation.

POLICY VIOLATION:

Anyone who violates this policy will be subject to disciplinary action. Following an appropriate investigation and subject to the procedures which are a part of the personnel policies governing the Medical Center, students and staff can be subject to any one or a combination of the following disciplinary sanctions:

1. Disciplinary action, including reprimand, suspension, or termination.
2. Required substance abuse counseling.
3. Required participation in inpatient substance abuse.
4. Required attendance at designated educational programs on substance abuse.

Excluded are prescribed drugs when used in the manner, combination and quantity intended unless job performance could be affected. Students who must use an over-the-counter or prescription drug that causes adverse side effects or may affect ability to perform clinical or didactic responsibilities in a safe and productive manner must notify his or her supervisor prior to starting the clinical or didactic shift. The Imaging Services Department Director and the Director of Human Resources after proper inquiry, will decide if the student can remain at clinical or didactic class and what restrictions, if any, are deemed necessary.

Compliance with the above stated policy is a condition of enrollment for all student of Regional West Medical Center School of Radiologic Technology. Each student will sign an acknowledgement stating he or she has received a copy of this policy (See attached form). Further, any student who is convicted under a criminal drug statute for a violation occurring in the educational setting or who pleads guilty or nolo contendere (not contested) to such charges must notify the Director of Human Resources within five (5) days of such conviction or plea. Failure of a student to comply with this policy will result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination from the Program for a first

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offense.

Students convicted of, or who plead guilty or nolo contendere (not contested) to such drug-related violations are subject to termination and/or mandatory attendance and successful completion of a drug-abuse-assistance or similar program as a condition of continued enrollment.

Students or staff who receive a criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring on the school premises must notify the Program Director or appropriate reporting authority within five (5) days of learning of the conviction.

The regulations guiding enforcement of this policy shall be in keeping with applicable laws.

Policy Review Frequency:

Regional West Medical Center School of Radiologic Technology will provide, in writing or by digital copy, on an annual basis, this policy to the staff and students. Students and instructional staff shall review this policy yearly, sign the Drug Free Campus Acknowledgement Form and return to the Program Director.

First year students will be provided a copy of this policy in the student handbook. Second year students and staff will receive a copy of this policy at the beginning of classes in August, annually.

Additionally, as a condition of the enrollment in the Regional West Medical Center School of Radiologic Technology, students shall agree to abide by the terms outlined in this policy.

It shall be the policy of the Regional West Medical Center School of Radiologic Technology to review at least biennially, its entire program pertaining to the prevention of the use of controlled substance by students and staff:

1. To determine the effectiveness of this policy and to implement such changes to the Program as are deemed needed.
2. Ensure the disciplinary sanctions described in the policy are consistently enforced.

The Policy Committee will review yearly whether the policy as herein above referred to is accomplishing its intended goals. If changes to this policy are indicated, the Policy Committee will make recommendations to the Educational Advisory Committee for action.

Signature
Stephanie Cannon, MSRS, RT(R)(ARRT)
Program Director

Signature
Joshua Lively, MHA, BSRT(R), RT (R)(VI)(ARRT)
Director of Imaging Services

Reference: Hospital Policy 201.0.03

Reviewed: 3/28/00, 3/28/02, 1/12/05, 3/29/07, 07/02/09, 7/14/11, 6/14/12, 2/14/14, 1/20/17, 1/26/18,
1/24/19, 4/28/2020, 9/2/2021, 2/3/23

Revised: 9/10/96, 7/12/97, 5/1/98, 1/12/05, 7/14/11, 2/20/15, 2/12/16, 2/24/22

REGIONAL WEST MEDICAL CENTER SCHOOL OF RADIOLOGIC TECHNOLOGY
DRUG FREE CAMPUS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM

I acknowledge understanding and receipt of policy prohibiting the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol on the Program premises or as a part of any of the Program's activities.

I, the undersigned, do, by affixing my signature hereto, acknowledge that I understand the absolute prohibition of the engaging in, possession, use, manufacture, or distribution of, illicit drug and alcohol on the Program premises or as a part of any of the Program's activities, as defined by policy.

I further understand, by affixing my signature hereto, that referral of me for criminal prosecution may be imposed upon me for any violations of these standards.

I further agree to be bound by these standards and acknowledge that I have been fully notified and that all policies have been explained to my satisfaction and full understanding by appropriate Program personnel.

I further understand that compliance with these standards is mandatory and is a condition of my enrollment/involvement in the Program.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20____

Signature of student/employee

Chart 1

Source: Drug Enforcement Agency. Drugs of Abuse. N.p.: Drug Enforcement Agency, 2011. United States Drug Enforcement Administration. U.S. Department of Justice, 13 Mar. 2014. Web. 29 Jan. 2015.

FEDERAL TRAFFICKING PENALTIES

DRUG/SCHEDULE	QUANTITY	PENALTIES	QUANTITY	PENALTIES
Cocaine (Schedule II)	500 - 4999 gms mixture	First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs, and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than \$5 million if an individual, \$25 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$8 million if an individual, \$50 million if not an individual.	5 kgs or more mixture	First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than \$10 million if an individual, \$50 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not less than 20 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if not an individual. 2 or More Prior Offenses: Life imprisonment.
Cocaine Base (Schedule II)	28-279 gms mixture		280 gms or more mixture	
Fentanyl (Schedule II)	40 - 399 gms mixture		400 gms or more mixture	
Fentanyl Analogue (Schedule I)	10 - 99 gms mixture		100 gms or more mixture	
Heroin (Schedule I)	100 - 999 gms mixture		1 kg or more mixture	
LSD (Schedule I)	1 - 9 gms mixture		10 gms or more mixture	
Methamphetamine (Schedule II)	5 - 49 gms pure or 50 - 499 gms mixture		50 gms or more pure or 500 gms or more mixture	
PCP (Schedule II)	10 - 99 gms pure or 100 - 999 gms mixture	100 gm or more pure or 1 kg or more mixture		
PENALTIES				
Other Schedule I & II drugs (and any drug product containing Gamma Hydroxybutyric Acid)	Any amount	First Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 yrs, or more than life. Fine \$1 million if an individual, \$5 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious injury, not more than 15 yrs. Fine \$2 million if an individual, \$10 million if not an individual.		
Other Schedule III drugs	Any amount	First Offense: Not more than 10 years. If death or serious injury, not more than 15 yrs. Fine not more than \$500,000 if an individual, \$2.5 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not more than 30 yrs. Fine not more than \$1.5 million if an individual, \$5 million if not an individual.		
All other Schedule IV drugs	Any amount	First Offense: Not more than 5 years. Fine not more than \$250,000 if an individual, \$1 million if not an individual.		
Flunitrazepam (Schedule IV)	Less than 1 gm	Second Offense: Not more than 10 yrs. Fine not more than \$500,000 if an individual, \$2 million if not an individual.		
All Schedule V drugs	Any amount	First Offense: Not more than 1 yr. Fine not more than \$100,000 if an individual, \$250,000 if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 4 yrs. Fine not more than \$200,000 if an individual, \$500,000 if not an individual.		

Chart 2

Source: Drug Enforcement Agency. Drugs of Abuse. N.p.: Drug Enforcement Agency, 2011. United States Drug Enforcement Administration. U.S. Department of Justice, 13 Mar. 2014. Web. 29 Jan. 2015.

FEDERAL TRAFFICKING PENALTIES — MARIJUANA

DRUG	QUANTITY	1st OFFENSE	2nd OFFENSE *
Marijuana (Schedule I)	1,000 kg or more mixture; or 1,000 or more plants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not less than 10 years, not more than life • If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life • Fine not more than \$4 million if an individual, \$10 million if other than an individual 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not less than 20 years, not more than life • If death or serious injury, mandatory life • Fine not more than \$8 million if an individual, \$20 million if other than an individual
Marijuana (Schedule I)	100 kg to 999 kg mixture; or 100 to 999 plants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not less than 5 years, not more than 40 years • If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life • Fine not more than \$2 million if an individual, \$5 million if other than an individual 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not less than 10 years, not more than life • If death or serious injury, mandatory life • Fine not more than \$4 million if an individual, \$10 million if other than an individual
Marijuana (Schedule I)	More than 10 kgs hashish; 50 to 99 kg mixture More than 1 kg of hashish oil; 50 to 99 plants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not more than 20 years • If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life • Fine \$1 million if an individual, \$5 million if other than an individual 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not more than 30 years • If death or serious injury, mandatory life • Fine \$2 million if an individual, \$10 million if other than individual
Marijuana (Schedule I)	1 to 49 plants; less than 50 kg	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not more than 5 years • Fine not more than \$250,000, \$1 million other than individual 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not more than 10 years • Fine \$500,000 if an individual, \$2 million if other than individual
Hashish (Schedule I)	10 kg or less		
Hashish Oil (Schedule I)	1 kg or less		

*The minimum sentence for a violation after two or more prior convictions for a felony drug offense have become final is a mandatory term of life imprisonment without release and a fine up to \$8 million if an individual and \$20 million if other than an individual.

Chart 3

CHART 2
SANCTIONS UNDER NEBRASKA LAW FOR UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OR DISTRIBUTION OF ANABOLIC STEROIDS,
MARIJUANA, HASHISH OR OTHER SUBSTANCES CONTAINING TETRAHYDROCANNABINOLS

DRUG	QUANTITY	PENALTY FOR "SIMPLE" POSSESSION	PENALTY FOR MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, DELIVERY, DISPENSATION, POSSESSION WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTE, DELIVER OR DISPENSE
Anabolic Steroids ¹ Schedule III (d)	any detectable amount (a.d.a.)	NMT ² 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT ³ 1 YR - NMT 20 YRS or \$25,000 fine or both
Hashish ⁴ Schedule I (c) (23)	a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 20 YRS or \$25,000 fine or both
Concentrated Cannabis ⁴ Schedule I (c) (23)	a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 20 YRS or \$25,000 fine or both
Marijuana ⁵ Schedule I (c) (10)	a.d.a. to 1 oz.	1st offense - \$300 fine and possible assignment to controlled substances course	NLT 1 YR - NMT 20 YRS or \$25,000 fine or both
		2nd offense - NMT 5 days and \$400	
		3rd and subsequent offenses - NMT 7 days and \$500	
	MT 1 oz. - LT 1 lb.	NMT 3 months or \$500 or both	
	MT 1 lb.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 or both	
Synthetically Produced Cannabinoids ⁶ Schedule I (c) (35)	a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 20 YRS or \$25,000 fine or both ⁷

¹ "Anabolic steroid shall mean any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and pharmacologically related to testosterone (other than estrogens, progestins, and corticosteroids), that promotes muscle growth and includes any controlled substance in Schedule III (d) of section 29-405," Neb. Rev. Stat. § 29-401 (31) (Supp. 2010).

² Not More Than.

³ Not Less Than.

⁴ "Hashish or concentrated cannabis shall mean: (a) The separated resin, whether crude or purified, obtained from a plant of the genus cannabis; or (b) any material, preparation, mixture, compound, or other substance which contains ten percent or more by weight of tetrahydrocannabinols," Neb. Rev. Stat. § 29-401(27) (Supp. 2010).

⁵ "Marijuana" is defined at Neb. Rev. Stat. § 29-401(13) (Supp. 2010).

⁶ "Synthetically produced cannabinoids" is not internationally recognized and may change, so as long as the chemical structure of a drug fits into this drug's enumerated categories, it shall be included. See Neb. Rev. Stat. § 29-405 Schedule I (c) (35) (Supp. 2011).

⁷ All penalties in this column are for a Class III felony. Neb. Rev. Stat. § 29-416 (2)(b) (Supp. 2011).

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Chart 4

CHART 3
SANCTIONS UNDER NEBRASKA LAW FOR UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OR DISTRIBUTION OF ILLICIT DRUGS

DRUG	QUANTITY	PENALTY FOR "SIMPLE" POSSESSION	PENALTY FOR MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, DELIVERY, DISPENSATION, POSSESSION WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTE, DELIVER OR DISPENSE
Methamphetamine "Speed" Schedule II (c) (3)	any detectable amount (a.d.a.) - LT 10 grams 10 grams - LT 28 grams 28 grams - LT 140 grams 140 grams or more	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 50 YRS
Heroin Schedule I (b) (11)	a.d.a. LT 10 grams 10 - LT 28 grams 28 - LT 140 grams 140 grams or more	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 50 YRS
Cocaine or Cocaine Base ("crack cocaine") Schedule II (a) (4)	a.d.a. -LT 10 grams 10-LT 28 grams 28-LT 140 grams 140 grams or more	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 50 YRS
Phencyclidine "PCP, angel dust" Schedule II (d) (4)	a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 50 YRS
Lysergic Acid Diethylamide "LSD" Schedule I (c) (9)	a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 50 YRS or \$25,000 fine or both
Fentanyl "China White" Schedule II (b) (5)	a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 50 YRS or \$25,000 fine or both
"Exceptionally Hazardous Drugs": Narcotics such as Opium, Morphine, Codeine, Amobarbital, Secobarbital, or Pentobarbital Schedule II (a) (1), (vii), (xiii); (d) (1)-(3) Schedule I, II, or III drugs not classified as exceptionally hazardous, e.g. Mescaline, Peyote, Psilocybin, Salvia, Schedule I (c) (11)-(13), (34) Any controlled substance classified in Schedule IV or V such as Pentazocine, brand name "Talwin", or Buprenorphine	a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both

¹ See Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-416 (Supp. 2011).

² All references are to the controlled substances schedules enumerated in Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-405 (Supp. 2011).

³ "Exceptionally hazardous drug" is defined by Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-401 (28) (Cum. Supp. 2010).

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Chart 5

Chart 4
 COMMONLY ABUSED DRUGS AND POTENTIAL HEALTH CONSEQUENCES

Substances: Category and Name	Examples of Commercial and Street Names	DEA Schedule/ How Administered**	Acute (Intoxicating) Effects/Health Consequences
Cannaboids Hashish	Booz, gangster, hash, hash oil, hemp	I/smoked, swallowed	Euphoria; relaxation; slowed thinking and reaction time; distorted sensory perception; impaired balance and coordination; increased heart rate and appetite; impaired learning and memory; anxiety; panic attacks; psychosis/cough, frequent respiratory infections; possible mental health decline; addiction
Marijuana	Blunt, dope, ganja, grass, herb, joint, bud, Mary Jane, pot, reefer, sinsemilla, skunk, weed	I/smoked, swallowed	
Depressants			
Barbiturates	Amylal, Mebutal, Seconal, Phenobarbital; barbs, rebs, red birds, phennies, tooies, yellows, yellow jackets	II, III, V/injected, swallowed	Sedation/drowsiness; reduced anxiety; feelings of well-being; lowered inhibitions; slurred speech; poor concentration; confusion; dizziness; impaired coordination and memory/lowered blood pressure; slowed breathing; tolerance; withdrawal; addiction; increased risk of respiratory distress and death when combined with alcohol
Benzodiazepines (other than flunitrazepam)	Ativan, Xanax, Librium, Valium, Xanax; candy, downers, sleeping pills, tranks	IV/swallowed	Also, for barbiturates-euphoria; unusual excitement; fever; irritability/life-threatening withdrawal in chronic users
Flunitrazepam**	Rohypnol; forget-me pill, Mexican Valium, R2, Roche, roffies, roofinol, rope, rophies	IV/swallowed, snorted	Also, for flunitrazepam-visual and gastrointestinal disturbances; urinary retention; memory loss for the time under the drug's effects
GHB***	Gamma-hydroxybutyrate; G, Georgia home boy, grievous bodily harm, liquid ecstasy	I/swallowed	Also, for GHB-nausea/vomiting; loss of reflexes/headache; loss of consciousness; seizures; coma; death
Methaqualone	Quaalude, Sopor, Farest; ludes, mandrex, quad, quay	I/injected, swallowed	Also, for methaqualone-euphoria; poor reflexes; slurred speech/depression; coma
Dissociative Drugs			
Ketamine	Ketalar SV; cat Valium, K, Special K, vitamin K	III/injected, snorted, snoked	Feelings of being separate from one's body and environment; impaired motor function; nausea; anxiety/tremors, numbness, memory loss
PCP and analogs	Phencyclidine; angel dust, boat, hog, love boat, peeze pill	I, II/swallowed, smoked, injected	Also, for ketamine-analgesia/delirium; respiratory depression and arrest; death
Hallucinogens			Also, for PCP and analogs-analgesia; aggression; violence; slurred speech; hallucinations/psychosis
LSD	Lysergic acid diethylamide; acid, blotter, boomers, cubes, microdot yellow sunshines, blue heaven	I/swallowed, absorbed through mouth tissues	Altered states of perception and feeling; hallucinations; nausea
Mescaline	Buktons, cactus, mesc, peyote	I/swallowed, smoked	Also, for LSD- persisting perception disorder (flashbacks)
Pilocybin	Magie mushrooms, purple passion, shrooms, little smoke	I/swallowed	Also, for LSD and mescaline-increased body temperature, heart rate, and blood pressure, loss of appetite/sleeplessness, numbness, weakness, tremors
			Also, for pilocybin-nervousness; paranoia; panic

Chart 5 continued

Chart 4 continued

Substances: Category and Name	Examples of Commercial and Street Names	DEA Schedule* / How Administered**	Acute (Intoxicating) Effects/Health Consequences
Opioids and Morphine Derivatives Codeine	Empirin with Codeine, Fiorinal with Codeine, Robitussin A-C, Tylenol with Codeine; Captain Cody, Cody, schoolboy; (with glutethimide) doors & fours, loads, pancakes and syrup	II, III, IV/injected, swallowed	Euphoria; drowsiness/sedation; dizziness; nausea; impaired coordination; confusion/constipation; respiratory depression and arrest; addiction Also, for codeine, fentanyl, methadone, and other opioid pain relievers—weakness; dry mouth; itching; sweating; clammy skin/lowered pulse and blood pressure; tolerance; unconsciousness; coma; increased risk of death when combined with alcohol or other CNS depressants Also, for codeine-pain relief; but less analgesia, sedation, and respiratory depression than morphine Also, for fentanyl—60 to 100 times more potent analgesic than morphine
Fentanyl, and fentanyl analogs	Actin, Duragesic, Sublimaze; Apache, China girl, China white, dance fever, friend, goodfella, jackpot, murder 8, TNT, Tango and Cash	I, II/injected, smoked, snorted	Also, for heroin and opium—feelings of heaviness in the body/endocarditis; hepatitis; HIV; fatal overdose Also, for oxycodone—muscle relaxation; twice as potent an analgesic as morphine/high abuse potential
Heroin	diacetylmorphine, brown sugar, dope, H, horse, junk, skag, skunk, smack, white horse	I/injected, smoked, snorted	
Opium	Laudanum, paregoric; big O, black stuff, block, gum, hop	II, III, V/swallowed, smoked	
Morphine	Roxanol, Duramorph; M, Miss	II, III/injected, swallowed, snorted	
Oxycodone HCl	Dena, monkey, white stuff Oxycotin; Oxy, O.C., killer	II/swallowed, snorted, injected	
Hydrocodone, bupropion, acetaminophen	Oxycontin, Percocet; Vicodin; Wile, Watson-387; Demerol, demmie, pain killer	II, III, IV/chewed, swallowed, snorted, injected, suppository	
Stimulants			
Amphetamine	Biphentamine, Dexadrine, Adderall; bennies, black beauties, crosses, hearts, LA turnaround, speed, truck drivers, uppers	II/swallowed, snorted, smoked, injected	Increased heart rate, blood pressure, body temperature, and metabolism; feelings of exhilaration; increased energy and mental alertness; reduced appetite; anxiety; panic; paranoia; irritability; violent behavior/weight loss; insomnia; heart failure; strokes; seizures; addiction
Cocaine	Cocaine hydrochloride; blow, bump, C, candy, Charlie, Coke, crack, flake, rock, snow, foot	II/injected, smoked, snorted	Also, for amphetamine—rapid breathing; loss of coordination; restlessness; delirium; impulsive behavior; aggressiveness/tolerance; hallucinations
Methamphetamine	Desoxyn; meth, ice, crank, chalk, crystal, fire, glass, go fast, speed	II/swallowed, snorted, smoked, injected	Also, for cocaine—nausea; panic attacks/chest pain; respiratory failure; abdominal pain; headaches; malnutrition; nasal damage from snorting Also, for methamphetamine—aggression; psychotic behavior/cardiac and neurological damage; impaired memory; tolerance; dental problems
MDMA (methylendioxy-methamphetamine)	Adam, clarity, ecstasy, Eve, lover's speed, peace, STP, X, XTC	I/swallowed	
Methylphenidate (safe & effective for treatment of ADHD)	Concerta, Ritalin; JIF, MPH, R-ball, Skippy, the smart drug, vitamin R	II/injected, swallowed, snorted	For MDMA only—mild hallucinogenic effects; increased tactile sensitivity; empathic feelings; lowered inhibitions/impaired memory and learning; hyperthermia; cardiac toxicity; renal failure/ liver toxicity For methylphenidate only—increased or decreased blood pressure; loss of appetite/digestive problems; weight loss
Tobacco Nicotine	Cigarettes, cigars, bidis, and smokeless tobacco (snuff, spit tobacco, chew)	Not scheduled/smoked, snorted, taken in snuff and spit tobacco	Increased blood pressure and heart rate/lung and heart disease; stroke; cancer of the mouth, pharynx, larynx, esophagus, stomach, pancreas, cervix, kidney, bladder, and leukemia; birth defects; addiction

Chart 5 Continued

Chart 4 continued

Substances: Category and Name Other Compounds	Examples of Commercial and Street Names	DEA Schedule*/ How Administered**	Acute (Intoxicating) Effects/Health Consequences
Anabolic steroids	Anadrol, Oxandrin, Durabolin, Depo-Testosterone, Equipoise; roids, juice, gym candy, pumpers	III/injected, swallowed, applied to skin	No intoxication effects/hypertension; blood clotting and cholesterol changes; liver cysts and cancer; kidney cancer; hostility and aggression; acne; in adolescents, premature stoppage of growth; in males, prostate cancer, reduced sperm production, shrunken testicles, and breast enlargement; in females, menstrual irregularities, development of beard, and other masculine characteristics.
Dextromethorphan (DXM)	Found in some cough and cold medication; Robotripping, Robo, Triple C	Not scheduled/swallowed	Disassociative effects, distorted visual perceptions, euphoria, slurred speech, confusion/tremors; numbness; memory loss
Inhalants	Solvents (paint thinners, gasoline, glues), gases (butane, propane, aerosol propellants, nitrous oxide), nitrates (isoamyl, isobutyl, cyclohexyl); laughing gas, poppers, snappers, whippats	Not scheduled/inhaled through nose or mouth	(Varies by chemical) Stimulation; loss of inhibition; headache; nausea or vomiting; slurred speech; loss of motor coordination; wheezing/ cramps; muscle weakness; depression; memory impairment; damage to cardiovascular and nervous systems; unconsciousness; sudden death

*Schedule I and II drugs have a high potential for abuse. They require greater storage security and have a quota on manufacturing, among other restrictions. Schedule I drugs are available for research only and have no approved medical use; Schedule II drugs are available only by prescription (unrefillable) and require a form for ordering. Schedule III and IV drugs are available by prescription, may have five refills in 6 months, and may be ordered orally. Most Schedule V drugs are available over the counter.

**Taking drugs by injection can increase the risk of infection through needle contamination with staphylococci, HIV, hepatitis, and other organisms.

***Associated with sexual assaults.

Source: National Institute on Drug Abuse, www.drugabuse.gov/DrugPages/DrugsOfAbuse.html and <http://www.nida.nih.gov/DrugPages/PrescripDrugsChart.html>
 (last visited Nov. 21, 2011)

Chart 4 2011; Revised 11/2011